

Application address Redmoor High School Academy Trust Wykin Road Hinckley Leicestershire LE10 0EP		Planning ref.	23/01164/FUL
		Our ref.	2023/1164/04/F
Description New sports hall with changing facilities, classrooms, car parking, landscaping and solar panels (additional 1556m2 internal floor space)		Consultation date	14/12/2023
		Response date	11/01/2024
Planning officer Joe Fleetwood		Reviewing officer	Will Barber
Application type Full		Extension requested	☐
Refer to standing advice ☐	Conditions ☐	Further consultation required ☒	Concerns ☐

Consultation checklist

No.	Description	Check
1	Location plan	☒
2	Proposed layout plan	☒
3	Evidence that the site can be drained	☐
4	Topographic and ground investigation details	☒
5	The total impermeable area pre and post development	☒
6	All potential flood risk sources have been identified and assessed	☐
7	Existing and proposed peak discharge rates	☒
8	Consideration of sustainable drainage systems	☒
9	Attenuation volume calculations	☒
10	Consideration of the maintenance and management of all drainage elements	☐

LLFA Key Observations and Advice

Leicestershire County Council as Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) notes that the 0.51ha part greenfield, part brownfield site is located within Flood Zone 1 being at low risk of fluvial flooding and a low risk of surface water flooding. The proposals seek to discharge at 5 l/s via pervious paving, swale, geocellular storage and oil separator to an on-site private surface water sewer.

Leicestershire County Council as Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) advises the Local Planning Authority (LPA) that the application documents as submitted are insufficient for the LLFA to

provide a substantive response at this stage. In order to provide a substantive response, the following information is required:

- Level information for the private surface water sewer, to demonstrate that the site can be drained. This information may also significantly alter the preliminary surface water drainage strategy for the site. The drainage strategy notes the sewer “looks to be relatively shallow”.
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Advice to the Local Planning Authority

1. Standing Advice – National Planning Policy Framework

When determining planning applications, the local planning authority should ensure flood risk is not increased elsewhere and only consider development appropriate in areas at risk of flooding where informed by a site specific Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) confirming it will not put the users of the development at risk. Where an FRA is applicable this should be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework and accompanying Planning Practice Guidance.

2. Standing Advice – Consent

Where there are any works proposed as part of an application which are likely to affect flows in an ordinary watercourse or ditch, the applicant will require consent under Section 23 of the Land Drainage Act 1991. This is in addition to any planning permission that may be granted. Guidance on this process and a sample application form can be found via the following website: <http://www.leicestershire.gov.uk/flood-risk-management>

Applicants are advised to refer to Leicestershire County Council's culverting policy contained within the Local Flood Risk Management Strategy Appendix document, available at the above link. No development should take place within 5 metres of any watercourse or ditch without first contacting the County Council for advice.

This consent does not consider local watercourse bylaws. It is the responsibility of the applicant to check if the local borough or district council has their own bylaws which the proposals will also need to consider.

3. Standing Advice – Maintenance

Note that it is the responsibility of the Local Planning Authority under the DEFRA/DCLG legislation (April 2015) to ensure that a system to facilitate the future maintenance of SuDS features can be managed and maintained in perpetuity before commencement of the works.

4. Standing Advice – Ground floor levels

For developments in Flood Zone 2 or in 1:100 year Updated Flood Map for Surface Water outline, ground floor levels to be set at a minimum of whichever is higher;

- 300mm above the general ground level of the site OR
- 600mm above the Flood Zone 2 water level.
- Basement rooms to have unimpeded access internally to an upper level

In order to deliver safe development we advise that single storey buildings or ground floor subdivisions with no access to higher floors, should have access to a refuge set above the 1 in 1000 annual probability (0.1%) in any year flood level including an allowance for climate change.

5. Standing Advice – Greenfield Development Runoff

For greenfield sites, the peak runoff rate from the development to any drain, sewer or surface water body for the 1 in 1 year rainfall event and the 1 in 100 year rainfall event should never exceed the peak greenfield runoff rate for the same event.

The runoff volume from the development in the 1 in 100 year, 6 hour rainfall event should not exceed the greenfield runoff volume for the same event. Where an increase in discharge volume is unavoidable, the proposals should discharge at QBar or provide alternative mitigation in line with CIRIA C753.

6. Standing Advice – Brownfield Development Runoff

For brownfield sites, the peak runoff rate from the development to any drain, sewer or surface water body for the 1 in 1 year rainfall event and the 1 in 100 year rainfall event must seek to discharge at greenfield runoff rate from the development for the same rainfall event. Where this is clearly demonstrated to not be reasonably practicable, discharge should be restricted as close to greenfield rates as reasonably practicable, but should never exceed the rate of discharge from the site prior to redevelopment.

The runoff volume from the development in the 1 in 100 year, 6 hour rainfall event should be constrained to a value as close as is reasonably practicable to the greenfield runoff volume for the same event, but should not exceed the runoff volume from the development site prior to redevelopment for that event. Where an increase in discharge volume is unavoidable, the proposals should discharge at QBar or provide alternative mitigation in line with CIRIA C753.

7. Standing Advice – Drainage and waste disposal

Where a drainage or waste disposal system is to be constructed or altered that is not proposed to be adopted by either the WASC (Water and Sewerage Company) or the County Council as highway authority then the system should be constructed in accordance with Part H of Building Regulations 2010.

8. Standing Advice – Overland flow routes

Overland flow routes as shown on the 'extent of flooding from surface water' maps should be considered such that buildings are not placed directly at risk of surface water flooding. Such flow routes should be utilised for roads and green infrastructure.

9. Standing Advice – External surfaces

To prevent an increase in the discharge rate or volume due to development of external surfaces, permeable surface material should be utilised where possible, without an impermeable lining unless required to prevent mobilisation of contaminants or groundwater flooding.

Additional information and guidance is available here:

<https://www.leicestershire.gov.uk/environment-and-planning/flooding-and-drainage/>

Note: Response provided by the Lead Local Flood Authority under the delegated authority of the Director of Environment and Transport.