

Application address Land Adjacent Colwyn, Main Street, Botcheston, Leicestershire		Planning ref.	26/00319/OUT
		Our ref.	2026/0319/04/F
Description Outline planning application for 26 new dwellings with all matters reserved.		Consultation date	09/06/2026
		Response date	26/06/2026
Planning officer	Joe Fleetwood	Reviewing officer	Takara Walker
Application type	Outline	Extension requested	☐
Refer to standing advice	Conditions	Further consultation required	Concerns
☐	☐	☒	☐

Consultation checklist

No.	Description	Check
1	Location plan	☒
2	Proposed layout plan	☒
3	Evidence that the site can be drained	☒
4	Topographic and ground investigation details	☒
5	The total impermeable area pre and post development	☐
6	All potential flood risk sources have been identified and assessed	☒
7	Existing and proposed peak discharge rates	☐
8	Consideration of sustainable drainage systems	☐
9	Attenuation volume calculations	☐
10	Consideration of the maintenance and management of all drainage elements	☐

LLFA Key Observations and Advice

Leicestershire County Council as Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) notes that the 1.24ha greenfield site is partly located within Flood Zones 2 and 3 being at medium and high risk of fluvial flooding associated with the Rothley Brook, a statutory main river, and a low risk of surface water flooding. It is noted that when the impacts of climate change are taken into consideration, some plots are indicatively shown to be at risk of flooding from the Rothley Brook. The Environment Agency are the consultee for main river flood risk, and for any development within 20m of a main river, therefore they should be formally consulted on these proposals.

The proposals seek to discharge at the greenfield rate. Please note that there is an emerging policy across Local Planning Authorities in Leicestershire requiring surface water runoff rates to be limited to the Qbar greenfield rate (minus 20%). Whilst it is noted in the Flood Risk Assessment

that you will be designing a sustainable drainage (SuDS) strategy, it is not clear from the indicative site layout where the SuDS will be situated.

Notwithstanding any surface water drainage details submitted under this application, as the proposals are for outline permission, no specific drainage elements are fixed at this stage. As such, the LLFA would require that later reserved matters and detailed design fully comply with the new National Standards for SuDS and to any other amended local or national policy/guidance relevant at the time of submission of those details. This includes (but is not limited to) a re-assessment of discharge rates, contributing areas, attenuation scale and the retention of the first 5mm of rainfall on-site. Any departure from the standard should be fully substantiated and agreed with the LLFA.

Leicestershire County Council as Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) advises the Local Planning Authority (LPA) that the application documents as submitted are insufficient for the LLFA to provide a substantive response at this stage. In order to provide a substantive response, the following information is required:

- Indicative drainage strategy including:
 - Locations of SuDS which meet the requirements of NSS
 - The total impermeable area pre and post development
 - Amended proposed peak discharge rates
 - Attenuation volume calculations
 - Consideration of the maintenance and management of all drainage elements
-

Advice to the Local Planning Authority

1. Standing Advice – National Planning Policy Framework

When determining planning applications, the local planning authority should ensure flood risk is not increased elsewhere and only consider development appropriate in areas at risk of flooding where informed by a site-specific Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) confirming it will not put the users of the development at risk. Where an FRA is applicable this should be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework and accompanying Planning Practice Guidance.

2. Standing Advice – Consent

Where there are any works proposed as part of an application which are likely to affect flows in an ordinary watercourse or ditch, the applicant will require consent under Section 23 of the Land Drainage Act 1991. This is in addition to any planning permission that may be granted. Guidance on this process and a sample application form can be found via the following website: <http://www.leicestershire.gov.uk/flood-risk-management>

Applicants are advised to refer to Leicestershire County Council's culverting policy contained within the Local Flood Risk Management Strategy Appendix document, available at the above link. No development should take place within 5 metres of any watercourse or ditch without first contacting the County Council for advice.

This consent does not consider local watercourse bylaws. It is the responsibility of the applicant to check if the local borough or district council has their own bylaws which the proposals will also need to consider.

3. Standing Advice – Maintenance

Note that it is the responsibility of the Local Planning Authority under the DEFRA/DCLG legislation (April 2015) to ensure that a system to facilitate the future maintenance of SuDS features can be managed and maintained in perpetuity before commencement of the works.

4. Standing Advice – Ground floor levels

For developments in Flood Zone 2 or in 1:100 year Updated Flood Map for Surface Water outline, ground floor levels to be set at a minimum of whichever is higher;

- 300mm above the general ground level of the site OR
- 600mm above the Flood Zone 2 water level.
- Basement rooms to have unimpeded access internally to an upper level

In order to deliver safe development we advise that single storey buildings or ground floor subdivisions with no access to higher floors, should have access to a refuge set above the 1 in 1000 annual probability (0.1%) in any year flood level including an allowance for climate change.

5. Standing Advice – Greenfield Development Runoff

For greenfield sites, the peak runoff rate from the development to any drain, sewer or surface water body for the 1 in 1 year rainfall event and the 1 in 100 year rainfall event should never exceed the peak greenfield runoff rate for the same event.

The runoff volume from the development in the 1 in 100 year, 6 hour rainfall event should not exceed the greenfield runoff volume for the same event. Where an increase in discharge volume is unavoidable, the proposals should discharge at QBar or provide alternative mitigation in line with CIRIA C753.

6. Standing Advice – Overland flow routes

Overland flow routes as shown on the 'extent of flooding from surface water' maps should be considered such that buildings are not placed directly at risk of surface water flooding. Such flow routes should be utilised for roads and green infrastructure.

7. Standing Advice – Ditches

Where a drainage ditch adjoins or flows through a development, provision should be made such that the ditch can be made throughout the life of the development. The ownership and responsibility for maintenance of the ditch should also be clearly identified and conveyed to the relevant parties.

Additional information and guidance is available here:

<https://www.leicestershire.gov.uk/environment-and-planning/flooding-and-drainage/>

Note: Response provided by the Lead Local Flood Authority under the delegated authority of the Director of the Growth, Environment and Transport Department.